- 1. Introduction & Setting: Jesus Teaching in the Temple (7:53-8:2)
 - a. The Feast of Tabernacles has just concluded (7:53).
 - i. The Feast of Tabernacles looked back on the time when God provided for Israel in the wilderness with the miraculous provision of water and the daily provision of manna.
 - ii. The Feast of Tabernacles also looked forward to the time that God would fulfill His kingdom promises made to Israel; it was also a time that Israel prayed for rain and God's blessing on their crops.
 - iii. Jesus concluded this feast by announcing Himself as the fulfillment of this feast.
 - 1. He is the Bread of Life
 - 2. He is the Water of Life
 - 3. He is God with Us; God dwelling among His people
 - b. The Religious Elite rejected Jesus's claims (7:53-8:1).
 - i. Everyone departed to their homes.
 - ii. Jesus went into the Mount of Olives, where He often retreated to spend time with God in prayer.
 - c. The next morning, Jesus boldly returned to the temple to teach the people, right under the noses of those who had just rejected Him (8:2).
- 2. The Conflict: The Misuse of the Law of Moses (8:3-6)
 - a. The Scribes and Pharisees test Jesus by bringing Him a woman accused of adultery (3).
 - i. Scribes played a critical role in Judaism; in addition to copying the Scriptures, they also functioned as lawyers, theologians, teachers, and jurors.
 - ii. Pharisees were religious zealots who used religion as a means of political power and influence.
 - iii. The woman accused of adultery is unnamed; it appears that she has been "arrested" and forcefully brought to the temple to stand trial.
 - b. The Scribes and Pharisees begin by making their accusation (4).
 - i. They accuse the woman of being caught in the act of adultery.
 - ii. They appeal to Jesus as "Teacher." The one really on trial is Jesus; they are testing Him so they can look for an opportunity to condemn Him and His teachings.
 - c. The Scribes and Pharisees appeal to the Law of Moses (5).
 - i. They are desperately trying to use the Law of Moses to expose and condemn Jesus and His teachings.
 - ii. In reality, they are not fully following the Scriptures, because the law commands both the man and the woman to be judged.
 - iii. Leviticus 20:10 "And the man that committeth adultery with another man's wife, even he that committeth adultery with his neighbor's wife, the adulterer and the adulteress shall surely be put to death."
 - d. The Scribes and Pharisees are using this situation to seek grounds to prosecute Jesus (6a).
 - i. Tragically, Jesus is still on trial today.
 - ii. A majority of Jewish people reject Jesus's claims to be the Son of God.
 - iii. Many self-proclaimed Christians today also sit in judgment of Jesus and His message.
 - 1. Many take issue with Jesus's claims to be the exclusive way to God (John 14:6).
 - 2. Jesus died for all, but all religions do not lead to God!
 - 3. Matthew 7:13-14 "Enter ye in at the strait gate: for wide is the gate, and broad is the way, that leadeth to destruction, and many there be which go n thereat: Because strait is the gate, and narrow is the way, which leadeth unto life, and few there be that find it."
 - 4. Jesus hasn't hidden the way; He's the Light of the World! Instead, people choose the dark path because they love "darkness rather than light because their deeds are evil" (John 3:19).
 - e. Application: Beware of using the Word of God to leverage God.

- 3. The Resolution: The Demonstration of Christ's Authority (8:6b-8)
 - a. Just as the 10 commandments were written in stone by the finger of God, Jesus answers their accusation by writing His answer with His finger (6b).
 - i. By stooping down and writing with His finger in the dirt of the Temple courtyard, Jesus is demonstrating that His words have the same weight as the Law of Moses.
 - ii. Jesus is not in conflict with the Law of Moses, He is the Author of it!
 - b. Jesus answers their pathetic questions with a command (7).
 - i. Jesus commands the one without sin to cast the first stone.
 - 1. What this implies, is none are without sin (Romans 3:10).
 - 2. What this also implies is that the Law of Moses condemns us all (Romans 3:23).
 - ii. Jesus is the only sinless One Who is worthy to sit in judgment over sinners.
 - 1. Those who try to justify themselves by using the Law will ultimately be exposed.
 - 2. All of us stand guilty before Him, deserving of His judgment (Romans 6:23; Revelation 21:8).
 - c. Jesus again stoops down and writes on the ground (8).
 - i. Jesus is underscoring the fact that He is eclipsing the authority of the Law of Moses.
 - 1. Jesus gave the Law.
 - 2. Only Jesus perfectly fulfills the Laws demands.
 - 3. Sinners cannot judge Jesus; Jesus judges sinners.
 - ii. Jesus is the Author of the Law, and His finger is the very finger of God.
 - 1. Exodus 32:16 "And the tables were the work of God, and the writing was the writing of God, graven upon the tables."
 - 2. The Scribes and Pharisees are unknowingly confronting the Author of the Law that they are twisting it to accomplish their own purposes.
 - d. Application: Beware of spurning Christ's authority over your life.
- 4. Conclusion: The Application of the Law of Christ (8:9-11)
 - a. Jesus's response silenced His accusers and dispersed the crowd (9).
 - i. None could withstand Jesus's piercing words, and all left beginning with the oldest.
 - ii. Jesus was left alone emphasizing that only He was without sin.
 - iii. Jesus is still kneeling, a beautiful picture of His love and mercy.
 - b. Jesus addresses the woman with compassion and authority (10-11).
 - i. Jesus rises as the perfect Judge and addresses the woman (10).
 - 1. John 5:22 "For the Father judgeth no man, but hath committed all judgment unto the Son:"
 - ii. Verse 11 makes it clear that the woman is not innocent.
 - iii. Jesus declares that He does not condemn her, even though He has the authority and right to do so (cf. 5:25-27).
 - iv. Jesus frees her with the command to sin no more.
 - 1. Jesus not only sets us free from the penalty of sin.
 - 2. Jesus also sets us free from the bondage of sin (cf. 31-36).
 - c. Application: Beware of abusing the grace that Christ extends to you.

Conclusion:

- 1. Are you trying to use the Word of God to leverage God to get what you think you deserve?
- 2. Have you submitted yourself to Christ's authority?
- 3. Has Jesus freed you from the penalty of sin? Is Jesus freeing you from the bondage of sin?