- 1. The Promise of Another Comforter (15-21)
 - a. Our relationship with the Comforter is one of love and obedience (15).
 - i. Our relationship to God is one of mutual love.
 - ii. God demonstrated His love to us in sending His Son to die for us and sending His Spirit to indwell us.
 - iii. We express our love to God by serving and obeying Him.
 - iv. We cannot truly love God without obedience to the Law of Christ.
 - b. The Comforter enables the believer to know, love and serve Christ (16-20).
 - i. Since the obedience God requires is beyond our human capacity, Jesus has made provision for another Comforter (Paraclete) (16).
 - 1. Jesus was going away, but He asked the Father to send the Holy Spirit to continue His ministry to and through the disciples.
 - 2. This Comforter (Paraclete) was "another Comforter", another of the same kind as Jesus Who would accomplish the same ministry to and through the believer.
 - 3. This Comforter would dwell with believers eternally and inseparably; this is one of the purposes of Christ's work on the cross, to make possible the inseparable relationship with God and His children.
 - ii. The Comforter is the Spirit of truth (17).
 - 1. As the Spirit of Truth, the Comforter has been given to reveal the truth to us and to enable us to obey the truth.
 - 2. The world is unable to receive the Spirit of truth, because they have no relationship with Him through Christ; they do not perceive Him or know Him.
 - 3. Believers know the Spirit of Truth because they have an experiential relationship with Him through faith in Christ, and because the Spirit of Truth dwells with them and in them!
 - a. The Spirit of Truth dwells with us (fellowship).
 - b. The Spirit of Truth indwells us (inseparable union).
 - iii. Jesus comes to us through the Holy Spirit (18)
 - 1. Jesus promises not to leave us as orphans (orphanous, "fatherless").
 - 2. By means of the indwelling Holy Spirit, Jesus is even more intimately related to His disciples; He is no longer merely with us, He is in us!
 - iv. Though the world will not see Jesus after His resurrection and ascension, His disciples will see and understand Jesus more intimately than when He walked among them (19).
 - 1. Because of the indwelling Holy Spirit, they will "see" and know Jesus as they were unable to do prior to the Holy Spirit's indwelling.
 - 2. Because of the indwelling Holy Spirit, Christ's life will be their life both in its kind (cf. 10:10) and eternality (cf. 3:16).
 - v. This new reality will be made possible by Christ's resurrection from the dead "on that day" (20).
 - 1. Christ's resurrection would prove His relationship with the Father.
 - 2. Christ's resurrection would prove His relationship with His disciples, and signal the beginning of the New Covenant.
 - c. The relationship that will exist between Jesus and His disciples after the resurrection will be one of intimate, loving fellowship (21).
 - i. Believers will express their love to Jesus by Spirit enabled obedience to His commands.
 - ii. As believers lovingly serve God, they will enter into deeper intimacy with God, enjoying more of the love that the Father and son have for them, and enjoying a deeper understanding of Jesus, and of the Father.

- 2. Participation with the Father and the Son in the Spirit (22-24)
 - a. Judas asks how it is possible that Jesus will reveal Himself to His disciples but not to the world (22).
 - b. Jesus describes this new relationship that His disciples will have with Him and with the Father (23).
 - i. Believers will express their love to their Savior by their loving, Spirit-enabled obedience.
 - ii. The Father will express His love to believers by dwelling with believers through the Spirit of Christ.
 - c. The world will not witness this ministry of Christ because they do not enjoy this loving relationship with Christ.
 - i. Since the world has not obeyed the Gospel of Christ by believing in Jesus, they do not share this loving relationship.
 - ii. The world is blind because they have not listened to the message of salvation in Jesus Christ.

3. The Peace of Christ in the Spirit (25-31)

- a. The Comforter will continue the ministry of Jesus to His disciples (25-26).
 - i. The Holy Spirit is sent by the Father.
 - ii. The Holy Spirit is sent in the name of Jesus, indicating that the ministry of the Spirit is a continuation of the ministry of Jesus.
 - iii. The Holy Spirit will teach and remind the disciples of all that they will need to know to continue the ministry of Christ on this earth.
- b. The Comforter will give us peace (27).
 - i. This peace is rooted in Christ and His work on the cross for us "Peace I leave with you."
 - ii. This peace belongs to believers in Christ "My peace, I give unto you."
 - iii. This peace cannot be found in the world, which is never complete or lasting "not as the world giveth."
 - iv. This peace is accessed by faith "let not your heart be troubled, neither let it be afraid" (cf. 14:1).
- c. Jesus calls for His disciples to trust Him (28-31).
 - i. Jesus calls His disciples to view His departure as an act of love which should bring them joy rather than sorrow (28a).
 - ii. Jesus calls His disciples to trust in His Father's will (28b).
 - iii. Jesus prepares His disciples so that when He departs, they will believe (29).
 - iv. Jesus calls His disciples to trust Him in the face of demonic opposition which has no authority over Jesus (30).
 - v. Jesus calls His disciples to follow His example of love and obedience (31).
 - 1. Jesus demonstrated the extent of His love for the Father by laying down His life.
 - 2. Jesus demonstrated the extent of His obedience to the Father by laying down his very life.

Conclusion:

- 1. What does your behavior say about your love for God? Is there an area of disobedience that you are knowingly covering?
- 2. Since the Holy Spirit indwells you, are you willing to yield that area to His control through His power?
- 3. Jesus offers us peace in the face of demonic opposition; we can have peace in the midst of this evil world. Do you need to enter into that peace by faith?